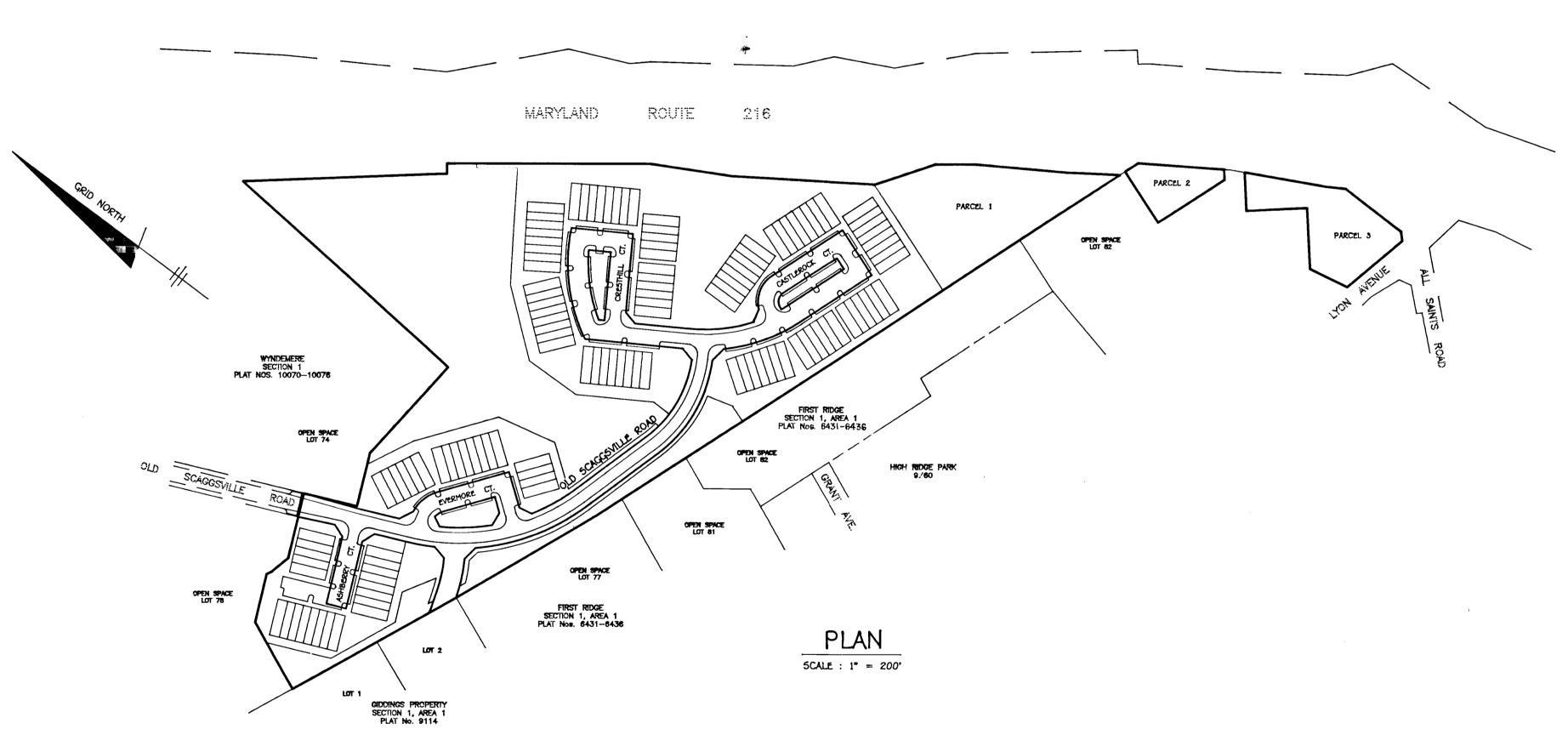
ROADWAYS, STORM DRAINAGE AND STORM WATER MANAGEMENT

WYNDEMERE SECTION TWO

6th ELECTION DISTRICT
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



NOTES :

- 1. ALL STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES ARE TO BE PUBLICLY MAINTAINED.
- 2. UNLESS NOTED AS "PRIVATE", ALL EASEMENTS SHOWN ARE "PUBLIC".

 3. NO CLEARING, GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION IS PERMITTED WITHIN WETLANDS, STREAM RUFFERS OR FOREST CONSEQUATION ASSAULT FOR THE WORLD FOR
- 3. NO CLEARING, GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION IS PERMITTED WITHIN WETLANDS, STREAM BUFFERS OR FOREST CONSERVATION AREAS EXCEPT FOR THE WORK ASSOCIATED WITH THE OLD SCAGGSVILLE ROAD CROSSING, AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES.
- 4. THE PROPOSED OLD SCAGGSVILLE ROAD CROSSING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IMPOUNDMENT HAVE NO OFFSITE IMPACT TO THE FLOODPLAIN UPSTREAM. THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN UPSTREAM OF THE FACILITY IS REPRESENTED IN THE APPROVED FLOODPLAIN STUDY PREPARED UNDER P-92-16. NO INCREASE OF THE 100-YEAR FLOW RATE OCCURS DOWN-STREAM OF THE FACILITY, THEREFORE, THERE IS NO ADVERSE IMPACT DOWNSTREAM.
- THE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION SHALL REMOVE TRASH YEAR ROUND AND MOW THE THREE WATER QUALITY FACILITIES AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY ON A WEEKLY BASIS DURING THE MOWING SEASON IN CONJUNCTION WITH STANDARD GROUNDS MAINTENANCE.

PERMIT: DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES, DAM CONSTRUCTION PERMIT NUMBER 94-PO-8019 ISSUED FOR THE PROPOSED ROAD STORMWATER MANAGEMENT EMBANKMENT.

PERMITS: ACTIVITY IN FLOODPLAIN, WATERWAY, NONTIDAL WETLAND OR BUFFER

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES, NONTIDAL WETLAND NUMBER: 92-NT-0491

CONSTRUCTION OF THE ROAD CROSSING INVOLVES IMPACTS TO NON-WETLAND "WATERS OF THE U.S." AND DOES NOT INVOLVE IMPACTS TO NON-TIDAL WETLANDS OR THE REGULATIONS; THEREFORE, THE PROJECT IS EXEMPT FROM THE PERMIT AND MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE STATE NONTIDAL WETLANDS PROTECTION ACT.

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

THE PROJECT QUALIFIES FOR AUTHORIZATION UNDER THE NATIONWIDE PERMIT (NW #14 # #12).

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION \$92-WQ-0109 ISSUED FOR THIS PROJECT.

WP-92-216

ON OCTOBER 8, 1992, THE PLANNING DIRECTOR APPROVED THE REQUEST TO WAIVE SECTION 16.113(c)(10), TO ALLOW THE OLD SCAGGSVILLE ROAD (MD. ROUTE 983) CUL-DE-SAC STREET SYSTEM FROM ITS INTERSECTION WITH STANSFIELD ROAD TO EXCEED 1,200 FEET IN LENGTH AND TO ALLOW THE AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC COUNT TO EXCEED 1,000 VEHICLE TRIPS PER DAY FOR A CUL-DE-SAC STREET, SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:

THE DEVELOPER SHALL PAY A FEE OF \$46,733.00 FOR FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS TO OLD SCAGGSVILLE ROAD.
 THE DEVELOPER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ROAD IMPROVEMENTS THAT MAY BE REQUIRED ALONG OLD SCAGGSVILLE ROAD BY THE HOWARD COUNTY PLANNING BOARD DECISION AND ORDER FOR P.B. CASE No. 263.

ON JANUARY 19, 1993, THE PETITION OF J.J.M., INC. FOR AN AMENDMENT TO THE DECISION AND ORDER OF PLANNING BOARD CASE No. 235 TO DELETE THE REQUIRE—MENT TO PROVIDE A SECOND MEANS OF VEHICULAR ACCESS TO SECTION 2 OF THE SUBDIVISION WAS GRANTED BY THE PLANNING BOARD OF HOWARD COUNTY PROVIDED THAT THE PETITIONER CONTRIBUTE \$46,733.00 FOR FUTURE ROAD IMPROVEMENTS TO OLD SCAGGSVILLE ROAD. THE PROPOSED AMENDMENT OF THE DECISION AND ORDER OF PLANNING BOARD CASE No. 235 REGARDING THE SKETCH PLAN OF WYNDEMERE SATISFIES ALL OF THE STANDARDS FOR APPROVAL OF A SKETCH PLAN PROVIDED IN 100.E.3 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS.

1 | TITLE SHEET 2 ROAD PLAN 3 ROAD PLAN 4 ROAD PROFILES AND DETAILS 5 | ROAD PROFILES 6 DRAINAGE AREA MAP STORM DRAIN PROFILES 8 | GRADING PLAN GRADING PLAN 10 | STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS 12 | STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS 13 | SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN 14 | SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN 15 SWM, SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES & DETAILS 16 | DETAILS 17 | LANDSCAPE PLAN 18 LANDSCAPE PLAN

SHEET INDEX

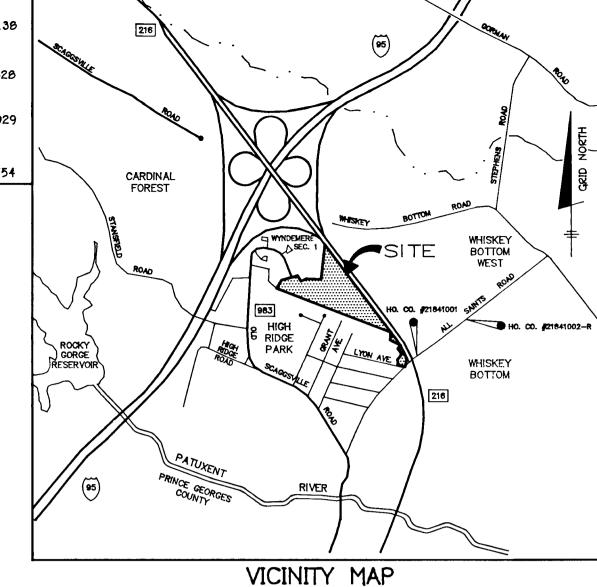
BENCH MARKS

HO. CO. #21841001 ELEV. 228.138

R.B. 0.4' BELOW SURFACE

N 460156.503 E 041054.320 HO. CO. #21041002-R ELEV. 256.929

CONC. MONUMENT 1'± E. OF CONC. CURB AND 3' ± 5. OF C.B. 0.6' BELOW SURF. N 460957.312 E 043025.754



5CALE : 1'=2000'

GENERAL NOTES

- All construction shall be in accordance with the latest standards and specifications of Howard County. Plus MSHA Standards and Specifications of Applicable.
 The contractor shall notify the Department of Public Works/Construction Inspection Division at (410) 313-1880 at least 24 hours prior
- 3. The contractor shall notify "Miss Utility" at 1-800-257-7777 at least 48
- hours prior to any excavation work.

 4. Project Backround:
- Location : Tax Map 47 Parcel 1003 Zoning : R—SC
- Section 2 Total Tract Area : 64.45 Ac.
- Total Tract Area: 64.45 Ac.
 Section Area: 29.51 Ac.
 Number of Proposed Late: 125 Parcels: 3
- Number of Proposed Lots: 125 Parcels: 3

 Date Preliminary Plan Approved: August 4, 1993.

 DPZ Reference #: P-92-16
- Traffic control devices, markings, and signing shall be in accordance with the most current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).
- All street and regulatory signs shall be in place prior to the placement of any asphalt.
- Topography taken from field run survey by The Riemer Group, Inc. dated 5/88. Contour interval is 2 feet.
- 7. Howard County monuments 21841001 and 21841002—R used for horizontal and vertical datum. Nad 27 used to remain consistent with Section I (F-90-41)
- 8. Light poles and fixtures for street lights shall be in accordance latest Howard County Design Manual, Volume III, Roads and Bridges.
- . Water and Sewer for this subdivision is public. Drainage area is Patuxent Contract No. 24-3329-D
- Stormwater Management quantity control is by detention facility, with water quality provided by infiltration facilities.
- 11. 100—Year Floodplain Study compiled by TSA Group, Inc., 7/93. Approved 8/4/93.
 12. Wetlands delineation study compiled by M.A. Dircks & Co., Inc., 5/92.
- Approved 8/4/93.

 13. Traffic Study compiled by The Traffic Group, Inc., 5/92. Approved 8/4/93.
- 14. Noise Study compiled by Polysonics Inc., 4/92. Approved 8/4/93.
- 15. Geotechnical Report compiled by Earth Eng. & Sciences, Inc., 3/92. Approved 8/4/93.
 16. Existing utilities were located by record drawings and field run survey by
- TSA Group, Inc. dated 2/92.

 17. ALL STATE AND FEDERAL PERMITS SHALL BE OBTAINED PRIOR TO
- COMMENCEMENT OF APPLICABLE CONSTRUCTION.

 18. ALL ROAD FILLS SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% AS DETERMINED

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

CHIEF, LAND DEVELOPMENT DIVISION

CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS H3

DATE

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

6/27/94

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH

50 DATE

8-3-94 HOA O M FOR SWM FACILITY

P-9-94 REVISIONS PER DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES DAM CONSTRUCTION PERMIT REQUIREMENTS.

NO DATE REVISION

TSA GROUP, INC.
planning • architecture • engineering

8480 Baltimore National Pike • Ellicott City, Maryland 21043 • (410) 465-6105

DES: JME/DRK

OWNER/DEVELOPER:

PROJECT: WYNDEMERE

SECTION 2

LOTS 119-252 PARCELS 1-3

LOCATION:

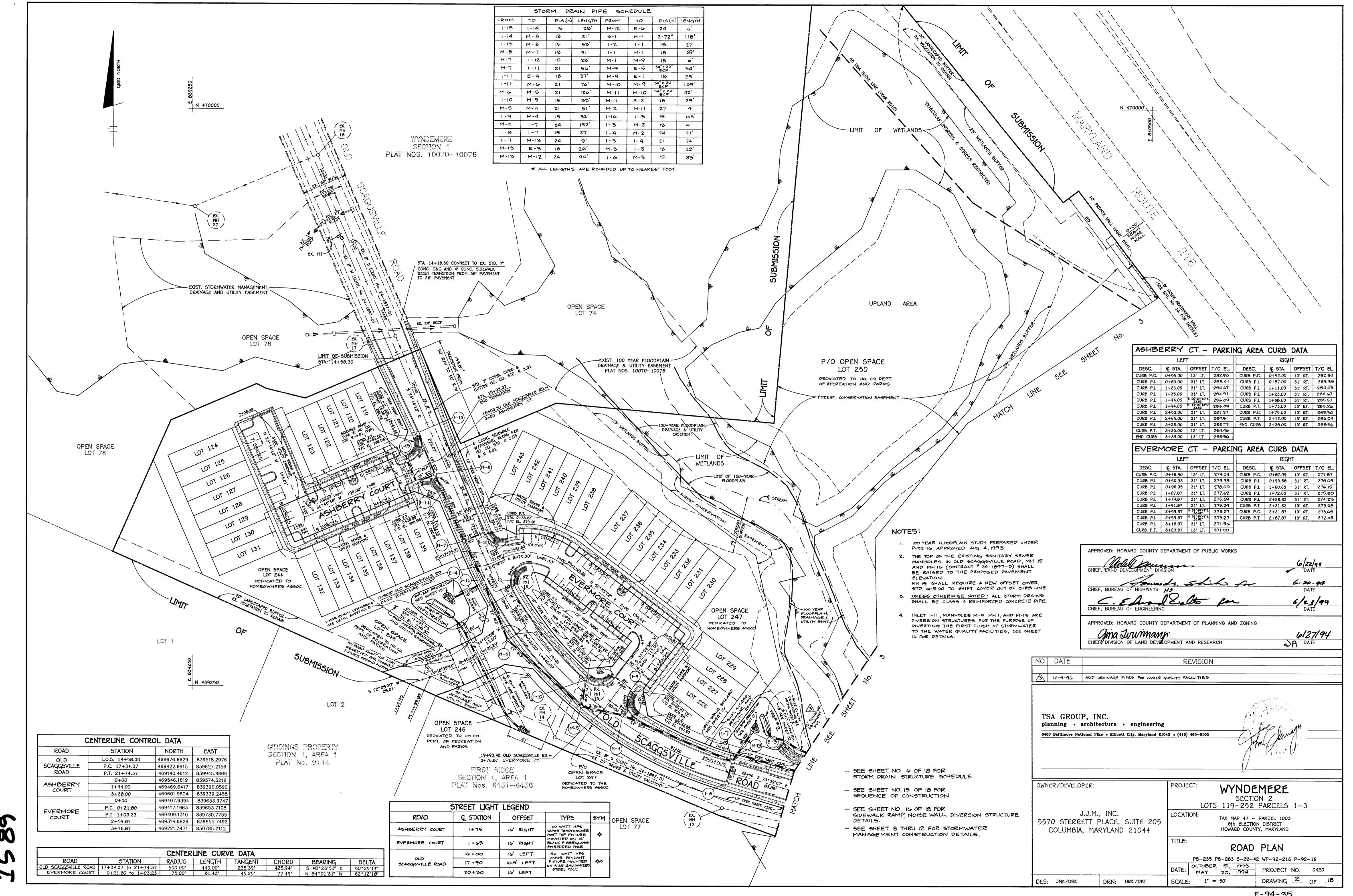
TAX MAP 47 - PARCEL 1003
6th ELECTION DISTRICT
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

TITLE:

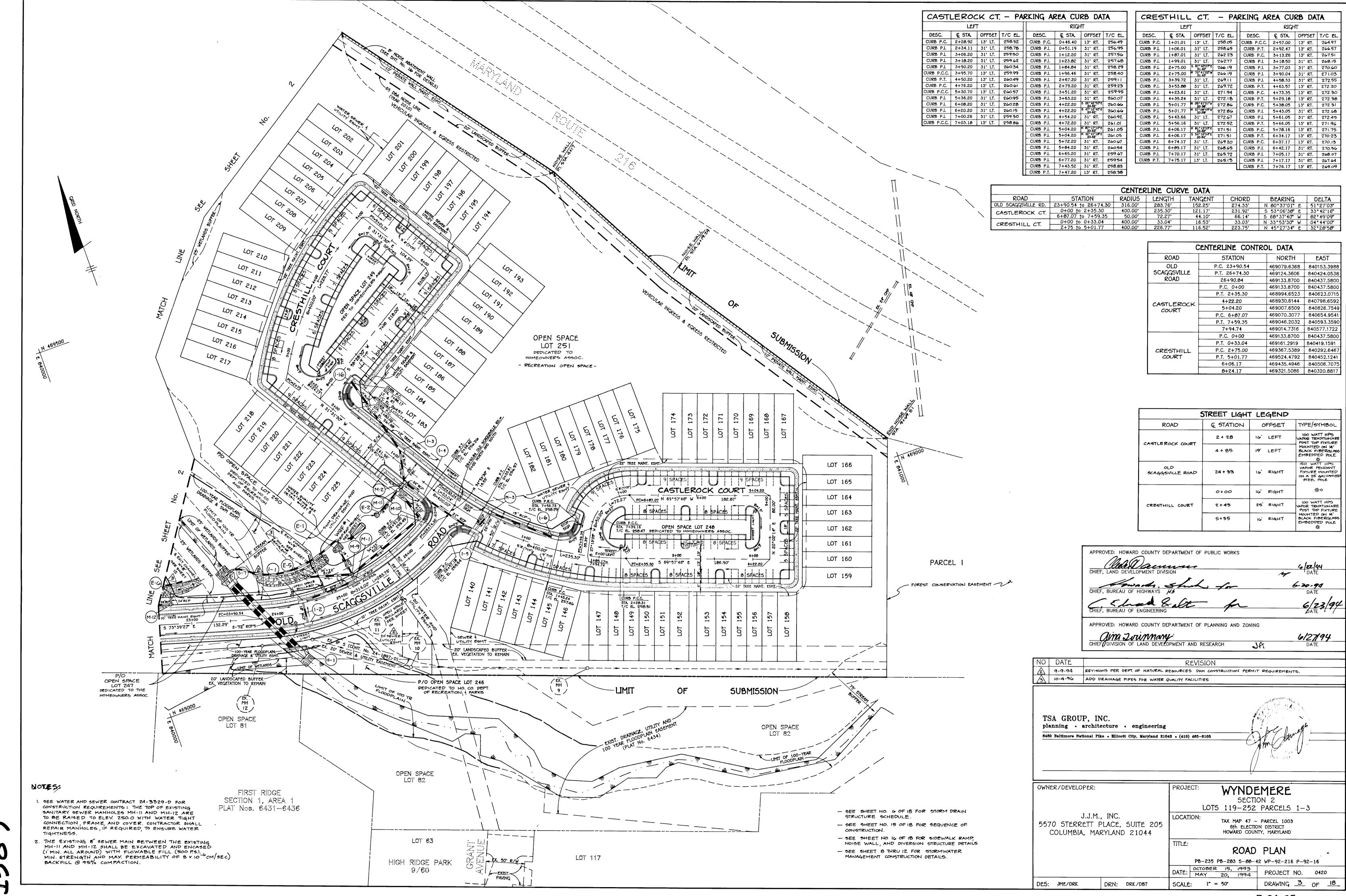
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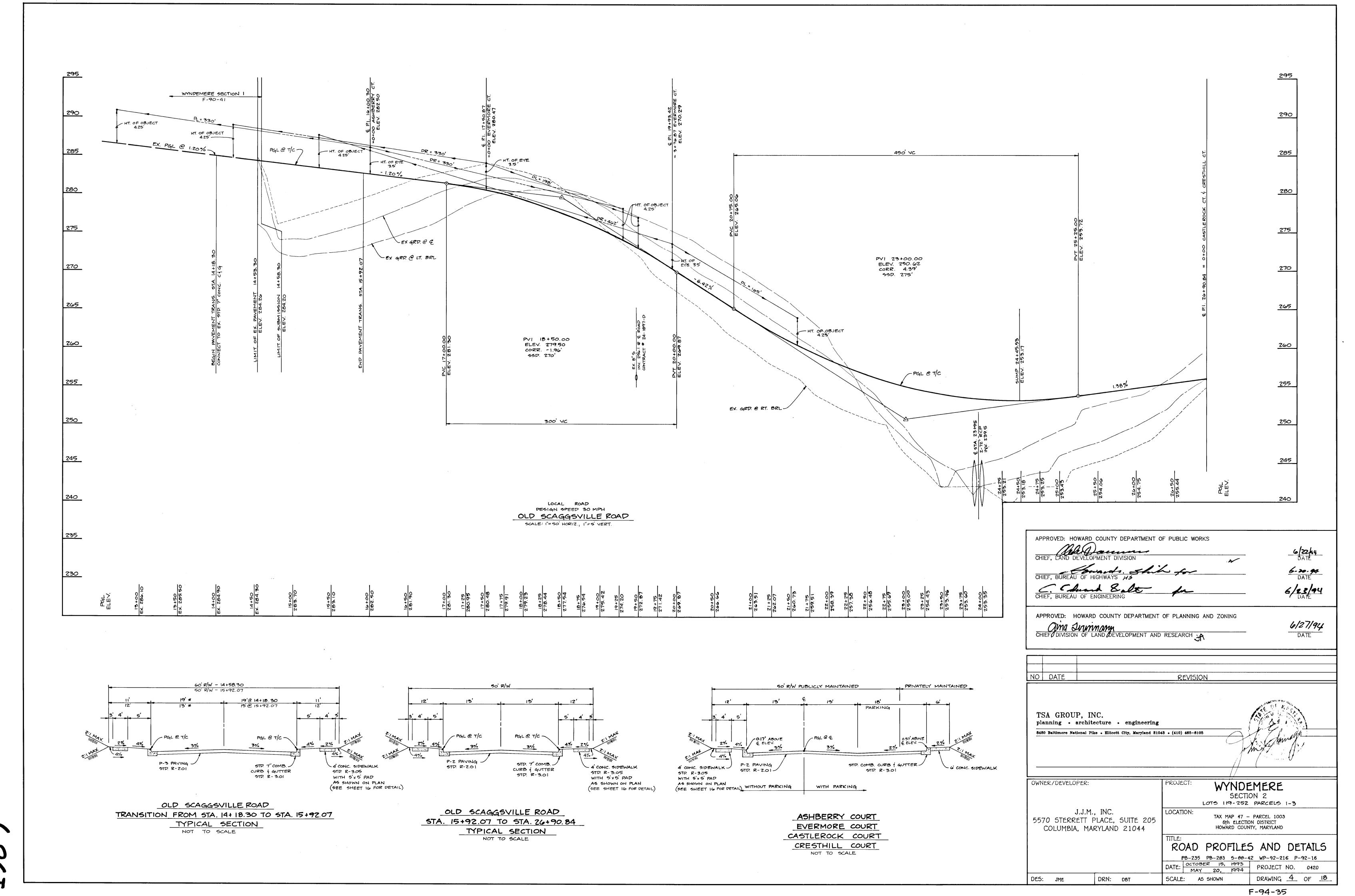
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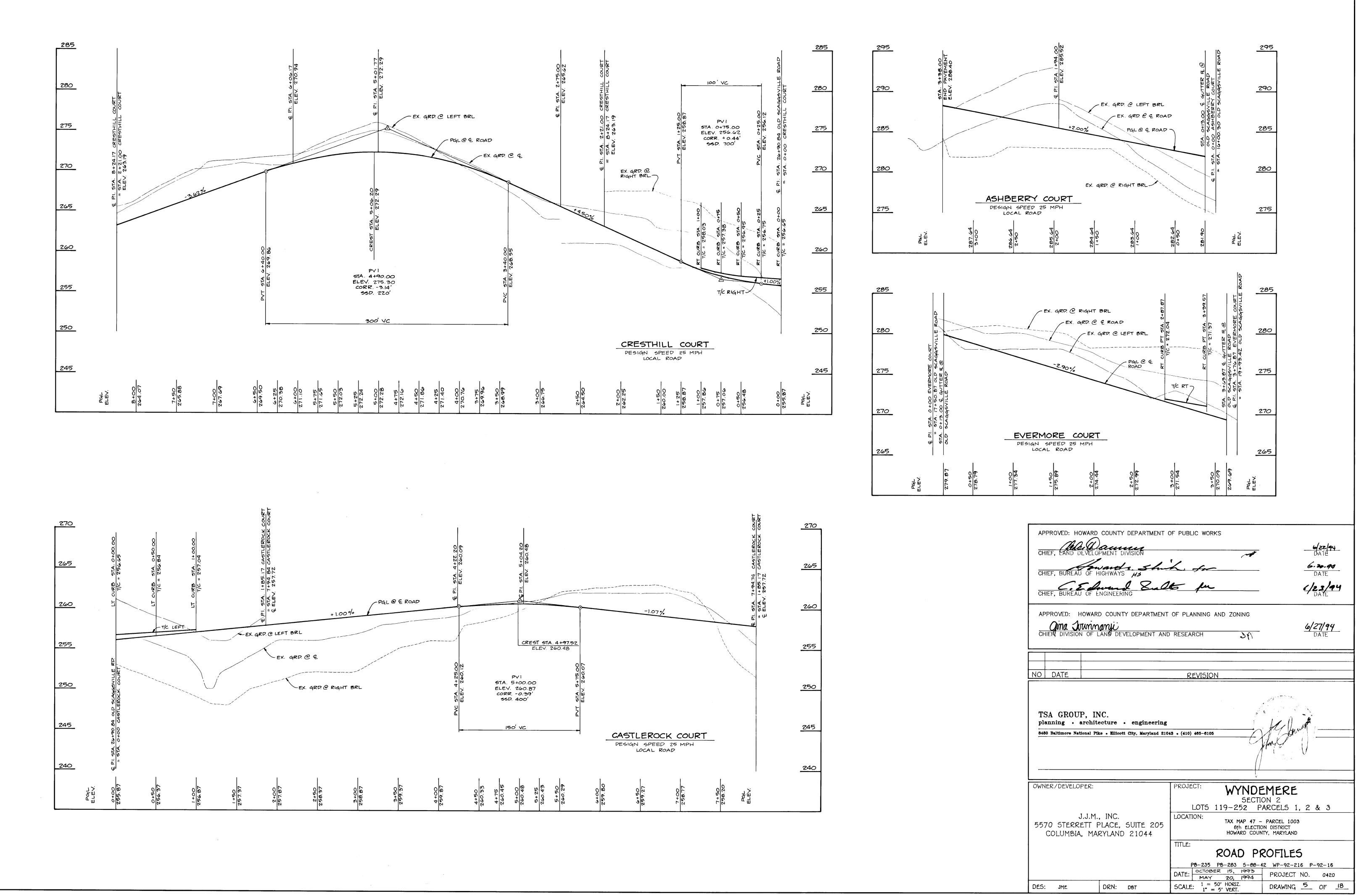
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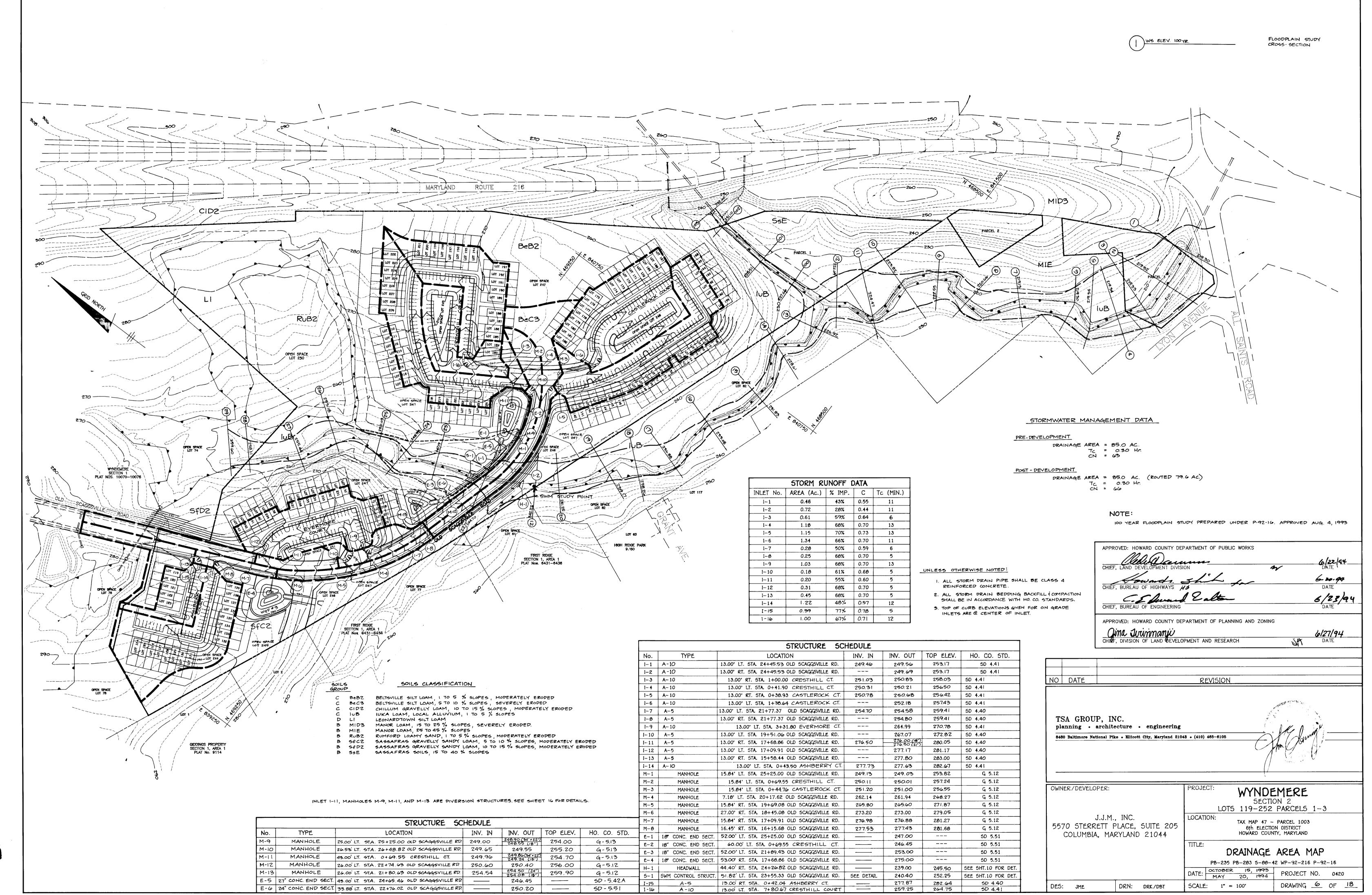


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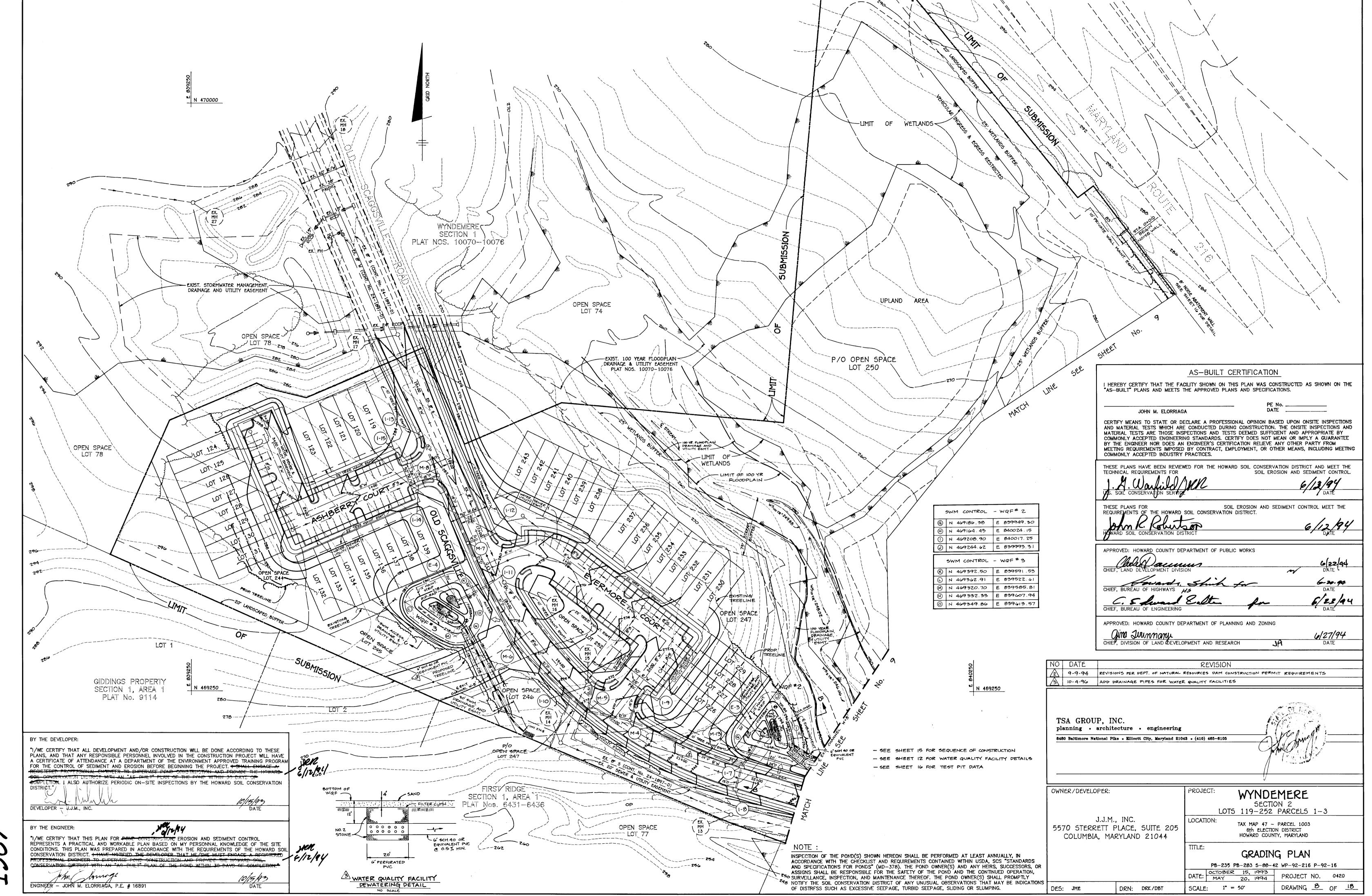


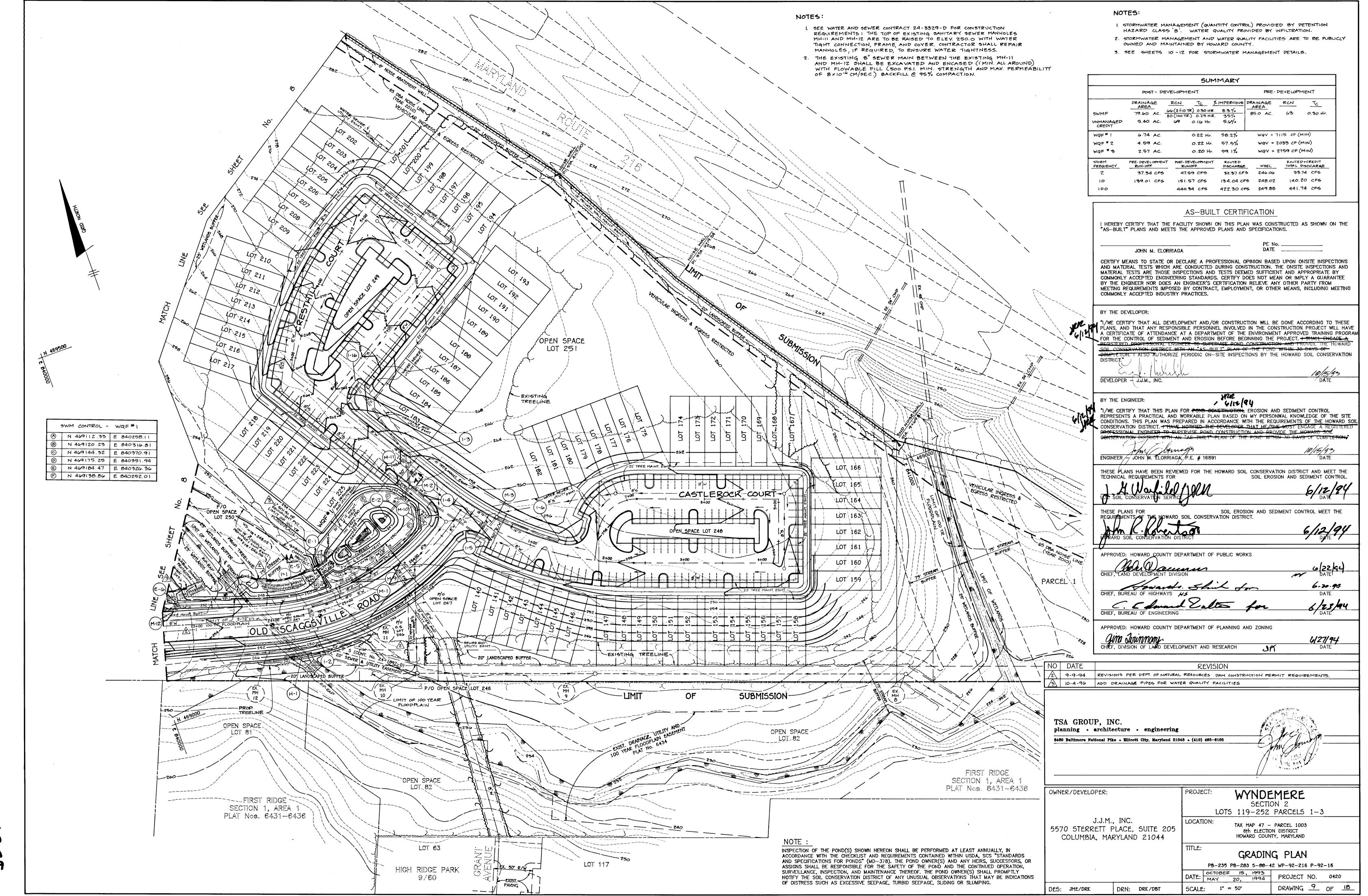


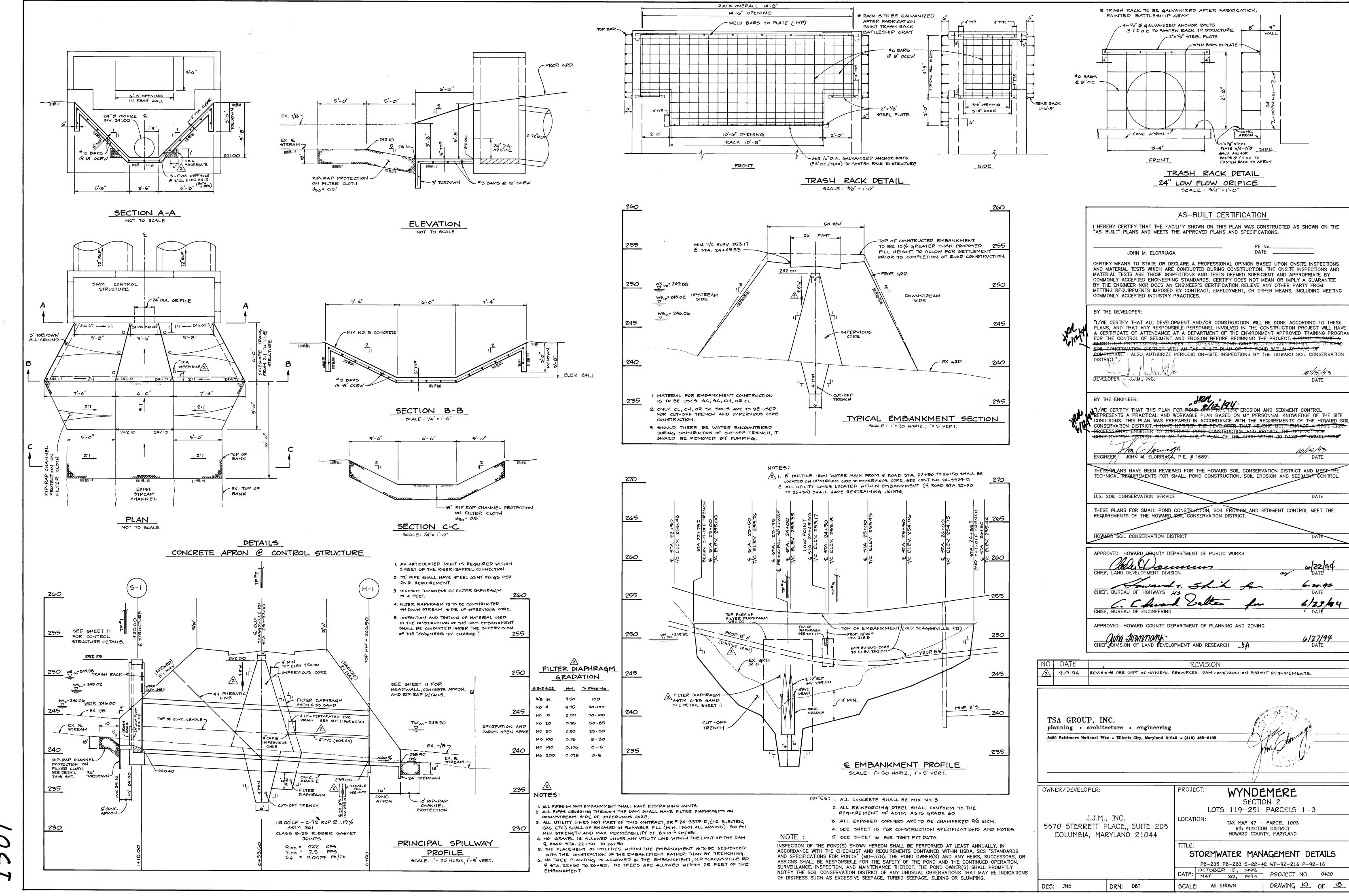
DRAWING $\frac{7}{}$ OF $\frac{18}{}$

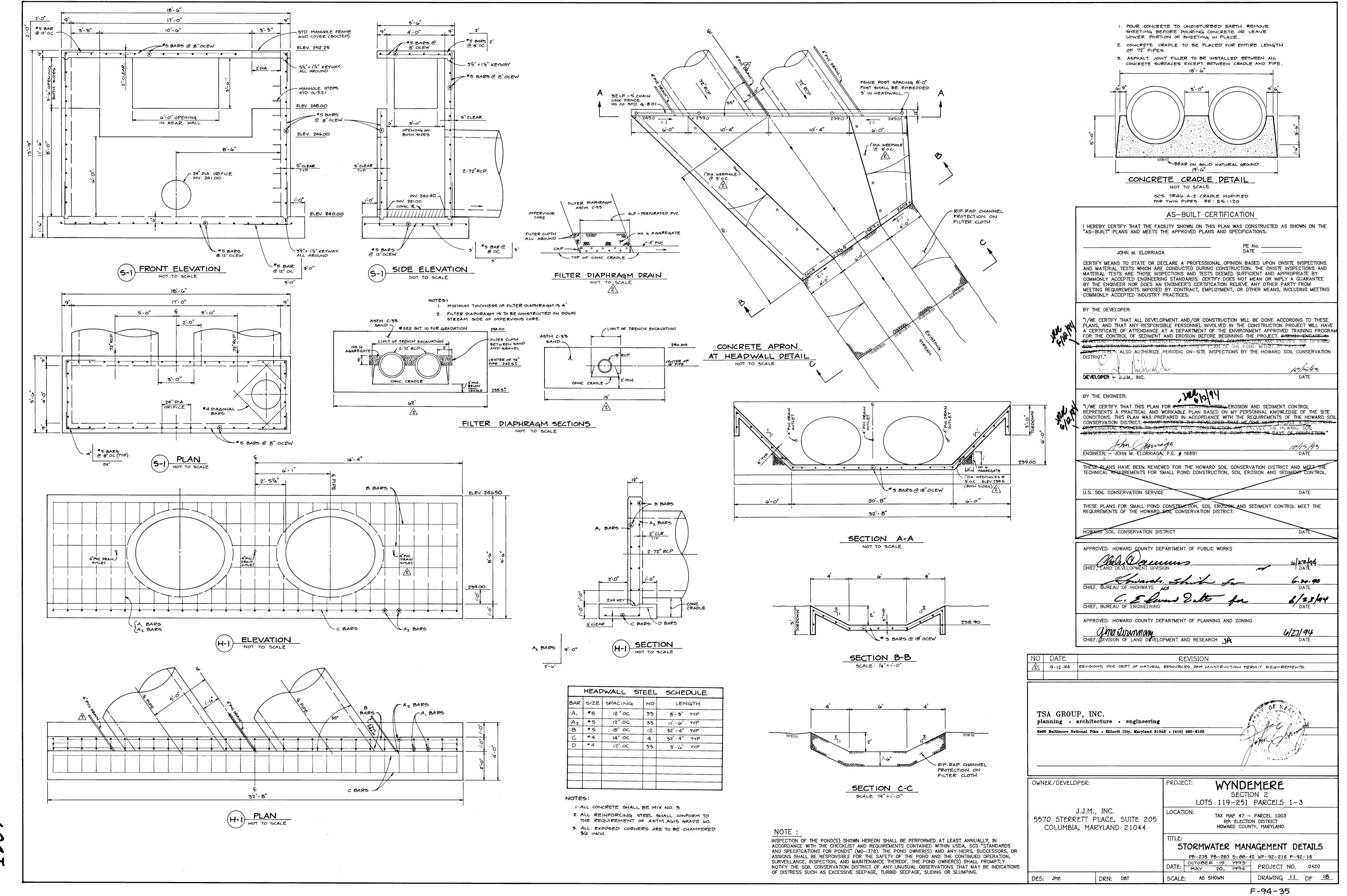
DRN: DBT

DES: JME









82

N

SCALE: AS SHOWN

DES: JME

DRN: DBT

DRAWING 12 OF 18

Site Preparation

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 50 foot radius around the inlet structure shall be cleared.

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

Earth Fill

Material — The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH. or CL. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if design and construction are supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

Placement — Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

Compaction — The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of the equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a ball it will not crumble yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

Where a minimum required density is specified, it shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within $\pm/-$ 2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99.

Cut Off Trench — The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability.

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unles there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or

Pipe Conduits

All pipes shall be circular in cross section.

Corrugated Metal Pipe — All of the following criteria shall apply for corrugated metal pipe:

Materials — (Steel Pipe) — This pipe and its appurtenances shall be galvanized and fully bituminous coated and shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A with watertight coupling bands. Any bituminous coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound. Steel pipes with polymeric coatings shall have a minimum coating thickness of 0.01 inch (10 mil) on both sides of the pipe. The following coatings or an approved equal may be used: Nexon, Plasti Cote, Blac-Klad, and Beth-Cu-Loy. Coated corrugated steel pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M-245 and M-246.

Materials - (Aluminum Coated Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-274 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Any aluminum coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound.

Materials — (Aluminum Pipe) — This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-196 or M-211 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer. Hot dip advanized bolts may be used for connections. The pH of the surrounding soils shall be between 4 and 9.

- Coupling bands, anti-seep collars, end sections, etc., must be composed of the same material as the pipe. Metals must be insulated from dissimilar materials with use of rubber or plastic insulating materials at least 24 mils in thickness.
- Connections All connections with pipes must be completely watertight. The drain pipe or barrel connection to the riser shall be welded all around when the pipe and riser are metal. Anti-seep collars shall be connected to the pipe in such a manner as to be completely watertight. Dimple bands are not considered to be watertight.

All connections shall use a rubber or neoprene gasket when joining pipe sections. The end of each pipe shall be rerolled an adequate number of corrugations to accommodate the band width. The following type connections are acceptable for pipes less than 48" in diameter: flanges on both ends of the pipe, a 12" wide standard lap type band with 12" wide by 3/8' thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket; and a 12" wide hugger type band with O-ring gaskets having a minimum diameter of 1/2" greater than the corrugation depth. Pipes 48" in diarmeter and larger shall be connected by a 24" long annular corrugated band using rods and lugs. A 12" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket will be installed on the end of each pipe for a total of 24". Helically corrugated pipe shall have either continuously welded seams or have lock

- Bedding The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.
- Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."
- Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as

Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced concrete pipe:

- Materials Reinforced concrete pipe shall have belt and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM Designation C-361. An approved equivalent is AWWA Specification C-302.
- Bedding All reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding for their entire length. This bedding shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 10% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 3 inches, or as shown on the
- 3. Laying pipe Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 2 feet from the riser.
- 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill"
- 5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe:

- Materials PVC pipe shall be PVC—1120 or PVC—1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM D-2241.
- 2. Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.
- Bedding The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.
- 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."
- 5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Concrete

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 608, Mix No.

Rock Riprap

All rock shall be dense, sound, and free from cracks, seams, and other defects conducive to accelerated weathering. The rock fragments shall be angular to subrounded in shape. The least dimension of an individual rock fragment shall be not less than one third the greatest dimension of the fragment.

The rock shall have the following properties:

- Bulk specific gravity (saturated surface—dry basis) not less
- 2. Absorption not more than three percent.
- Soundness: Weight loss in five cycles not more than 20 percent when sodium sulfate is used.

Bulk specific gravity and absorption shall be determined according to ASTM C 127. The test for soundness shall be performed according to ASTM C 88.

The riprop shall be placed to the required thickness in one Operation. The rock shall be delivered and placed in a manner tha will insure the riprap in place shall be reasonably homogeneous with the larger rocks uniformly distributed and firmly in contact one to another with the smaller rocks filling the voids between the larger rocks. Filter cloth shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard

Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 919.12.

Care of Water during Construction

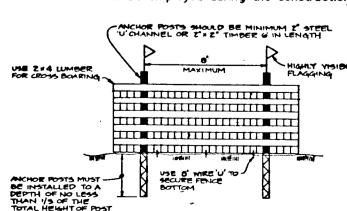
All work on permonent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from the various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and araded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom of required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water to sumps from which the water shall be pumped.

Stabilization

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Maryland Soil Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

Erosion and Sediment Control

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures to be employed during the construction process.



- I. FOREST PROTECTION DEVICE ONLY. 2. RETENTION AREA WILL BE SET AS PART OF THE REVIEW PROCESS.

 BOUNDARIES OF RETENTION AREA SHOULD BE STAKED AND FLAGGED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- 4. ROOT DAMAGE SHOULD BE AVOIDED

TREE PROTECTION FENCE

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- A MINIMUM OF 24 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTION, LICENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION, (313-1850).
- ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT "MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATION FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT
- FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR REDISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: A) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1, B) 14 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.
- 4. ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1983 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDINGS (SEC. 51) SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50) AND MULCHING (SEC. 52). TEMPORARY STABILIZÁTION WITH MULCH ALONÈ CAN ONLY BE DONE WHÈN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.
- ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.
- - TOTAL AREA OF SITE AREA DISTURBED AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED TOTAL CUT (7,900 CY-TOPSOIL) OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION
 - ___ ACRES ACRES 7.80 ACRES 26,000 CY TOTAL HOLD APPROVED LOCATION
- 8. ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.
- ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROL MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.
- 10. ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.
- 11. TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTHS OR THAT WHICH CAN BE BACK FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY,

TEMPORARY SEEDBED PREPARATION

APPLY TO GRADED OR CLEARED AREAS LIKELY TO BE REDISTURBED WHERE A SHORT-TERM

SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISCING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY LOOSENED. SOIL AMENDMENTS: APPLY 600 LBS PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 LBS/1000 SQ FT).

SEEDING: FOR PERIOD MARCH 1 THROUGH APRIL 30 AND FROM AUGUST 15 THROUGH NOVEMBER 15. SEED WITH 2-1/2 BUSHELS PER ACRE OF ANNUAL RYE (3.2 LBS/1000 SQ FT). FOR THE PERIOD MAY 1 THROUGH AUGUST 14, SEED WITH 3 LBS PER ACRE OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS (.07 LBS/1000 SQ FT). FOR THE PERIOD NOVEMBER 16 THROUGH FEBRUARY 28, PROTECT SITE BY APPLYING 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON

MULCHING: APPLY 1-1/2 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 TO 90 LBS/1000 SQ FT) OF UNROTTED SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING MULCH ANCHORING TOOL OR 218 GALLONS PER ACRE (5 GAL/1000 SQ FT) OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT ON FLAT AREAS. ON SLOPES, 8 FT. OR HIGHER, USE 348 GALLONS PER ACRE (8 GAL/1000 SQ FT) FOR ANCHORING

REFER TO THE 1983 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR RATE AND METHODS NOT COVERED.

AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING, OR USE SOD.

PERMANENT SEEDBED PREPARATION

SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN MARKE MICHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISCING OR

SOIL AMENDMENTS: IN LIEU OF SOIL TEST RECOMMENDATIONS, USE ON OF THE FOLLOWING PREFERPED - APPLY 2 TONS PER ACRE DOLOMITIC "MESTONE (92 LBS/1000

SQ FT) AND 600 LBS PER ACRE 10-10 -10 HER HUZER (14 LBS/1000 SQ FT)
BEFORE SEEDING, HARROW OR DISC INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL AT
TIME OF SEEDING, APPLY 400 LBS PER ACRE 30-0-0- UREAFORM FERTILIZER ACCEPTABLE - APPLY 2 TONS PER ACRE DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (92 LBS/1000

SQ FT) AND 1000 LBS PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (23 LBS/1000 SQ FT)

BEFORE SEEDING. HARROW OR DISC INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL SEEDING: FOR THE PERIODS MARCH 1 THROUGH APRIL 30 AND AUGUST 1 THROUGH OCTOBER 15, SEED WITH 60 LBS PER ACRE (1.4 LBS/1000 SQ FT) OF KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE PER ACRE AND 2 LBS PER ACRE (.05 LBS/1000 SQ FT) OF WEEPING LOVECRASS. DURING THE PERIOD OF OCTOBER 16 THROUGH FEBRUARY 28, PROTECT SITE BY: OPTION (1) 2 TONS

PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING.

MULCHING: APPLY 1-1/2 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 TO 90 LBS/1000 SQ FT) OF UNROTTED SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING MULCH ANCHORING TOOL OR 218 GALLONS PER ACRE (5 GAL/1000 SQ FT) OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT ON FLAT AREAS. ON SLOPES 8 FEET OR HIGHER, USE 348 GALLONS PER ACRE (8 GAL/1000 SQ FT) FOR ANCHORING.

OPTION (2) USE SOD. OPTION (3) SEED WITH 60 LBS PER ACRE OF KENTUCKY 31 TALL

FESCUE AND MULCH WITH 2 TON'S PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW.

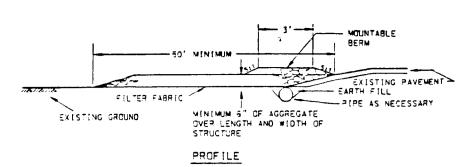
MAINTENANCE: INSPECT ALL SEEDED AREAS AND MAKE NEEDED REPAIRS, REPLACEMENTS AND RESEEDINGS.

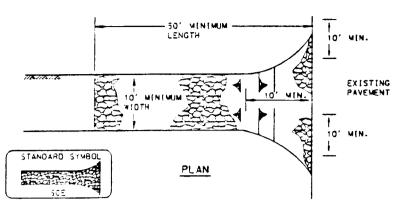
STORM DRAINS AND UTILITY LINES WITHIN THE SWM EMBANKMENT (STA . 2Z+50 TO 26+50) SHALL BE BUILT WITH THE EMBANKMENT RATHER THAN BY TRENCHING 1. OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT

- INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, TREE PROTECTION FENCE, SILT FENCE AND SUPER SILT FENCE. SILT FENCE SHOWN AROUND WATER QUALITY FACILITIES IS TO BE INSTALLED LATER. ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES ARE TO BE PROPERLY MAINTAINED DURING
- 3. BEGIN SELECT GRADING FOR CONSTRUCTION OF TEMPORARY BERM, PIPE RISER AND STREAM DIVERSION CHANNEL. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS ADJACENT TO STREAM. UPON COMPLETION OF THE TEMPORARY BERM, PIPE AND RISER, THE REQUIRED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DURING CONSTRUCTION IS PROVIDED. (DAY 3-6)
- 4. COMMENCE SITE GRADING. (DAY 7)

CONSTRUCTION . (DAY 1-3)

- \$. CONSTRUCT CUTOFF TRENCH IN OLD SCAGGSVILLE ROAD FOR PERMANENT
- CONSTRUCT PERHABERT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CONTROL STRUCTURE AND OUTFALL (CONCRETE CRADLE, FILTER DIAPHRAGM, ETC.).
 STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS. DAY 12-72)
- WHEN THE MINIMUM ROAD ELEVATION ALONG OLD SCAGGSVILLE ROAD IS AT 246.0 OR GREATER, REMOVE THE TEMPORARY STREAM DIVERSION, PIPE AND RISER. STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IS NOW PROVIDED BY THE PERMANENT STRUCTURE.(DAY 23) 8. COMPLETE IMPERVIOUS CORE AND FILTER DIAPHRAGM, GRADE CROSSING TO ALLOW FOR SETTLEMENT OF THE EMBANKMENT. STABILIZE
- 9. RAISE THE TOP OF THE EXISTING SANITARY SEWER MANHOLES IN OLD
- 10. COMPLETE GRADING OF REMAINING ROADWAYS TO SUBGRADE AND SITE 11. INSTALL SANITARY SEVER. (DAY 44-72)
- 12. PROVIDE SEDINERT CONTROL FOR OFFSITE WATER MAIN. INSTALL VATER MAINS. STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS AND REMOVE OFFSITE SEDIHENT CONTROL. (DAY 73-101) 13. CONSTRUCT STORM DRAIN SYSTEM AND WATER QUALITY PACILITIE
- INSTALL INLET PROTECTION ON ALL INLETS AND PLACE SILT PENCE AROUND THE WATER QUALITY FACILITIES TO CONTROL SEDIMENT INTO THE FACILITIES. CONSTRUCT EXIT CHANNELS. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS. (DAY 102-130) 14. CONSTRUCT CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER. (DAY 131-138)
- 15. CONSTRUCT PAVING (DAY 139-148) 16. COMPLETE FIWAL GRADING OF SITE AND STABILIZE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT SEEDBED NOTES. (DAY (49-152)
- 17. INSTALL SIDEWALK, STREET TREES AND NOISE WALL. (DAY 153-167) # 18. IF PONDING IS OCCURRING IN THE WATER QUALITY FACILITIES DUE
- TO SEDIMENT DEPOSITS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXCAVATE 2 PEET BELOW THE INVERT OF THE PACILITIES AND REPLACE WITH SAND WITH 19. UPON APPROVAL OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT INSPECTOR, REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND PERHAMENTLY STABILIZE AS MEEDED (DAY 171-172)





Construction Specification

'. Langth - minimum of 50' (30' for single residence (of). 2. Width - 10' minimum, should be flored at the existing road to provide a turning radius.

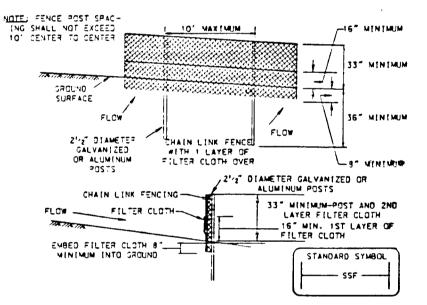
3. Septemble fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. The plan approval cutnomity may not require single family residence to use ceotextile.

4. Stone - crushed aggregate (2" to 3"), or reclaimed or redycted concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6" deep over the length and width of the entrance.

5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances snall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive organage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6" of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6" minimum will be required.

6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be occited at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE



Construction Specifications

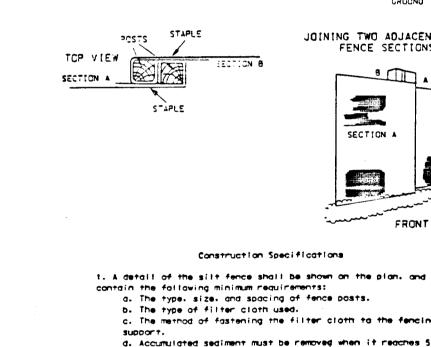
Fencing shall be 42 inches in height and constructed in accordance with the latest Maryland State Highway Details for Chain Link Fencing. The specification for a 6 foot fence shall be used. substituting 42 inch fabric and 6 foot tength posts.

1. The potes do not need to set in concrete. 2. Chain link fence shall be fastened securely to the fence

3. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link fence with ties spaced every 24" at the top and mid section. 4. Filter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of at into the

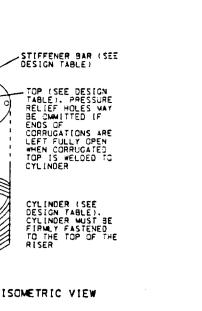
5. When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overlapped by 6" and folded. 6. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and silt buildups removed when "bulges" develop in the silt fence.

SUPER SILT FENCE



the height of the fabric.

3. Design computations are not required.

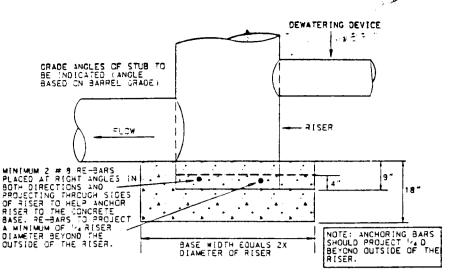


CONCENTRIC TRASH RACK AND ANTI- VORTEX DEVICE

PRESSURE

WEN EMUM

SUPPORT BAR S MINIMUM. BARS TO BE WELDED TOP OF THE RIS ATTACHED BY ST TO THE TOP OF



CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS The riser snall have a base attached with a watertight connection and shall

1. A concrete base 18" thick with the riser embedded 9" in the base. 2. A V_4 minimum thickness steel plate attached to the riser by acontinuous weld around the circumference of the riser to form a watertight connection. The plate shall have 2.5 feet of stone, gravel.

have sufficient weight to prevent flotation of the riser. Two approved bases for risers ten feet on less in height are:

For risers greater than ten feet high computations shall be made to design a base which will prevent floatation. The minimum factor of safety shall be 1.20 (Downward forces = 1.20 x upward forces).

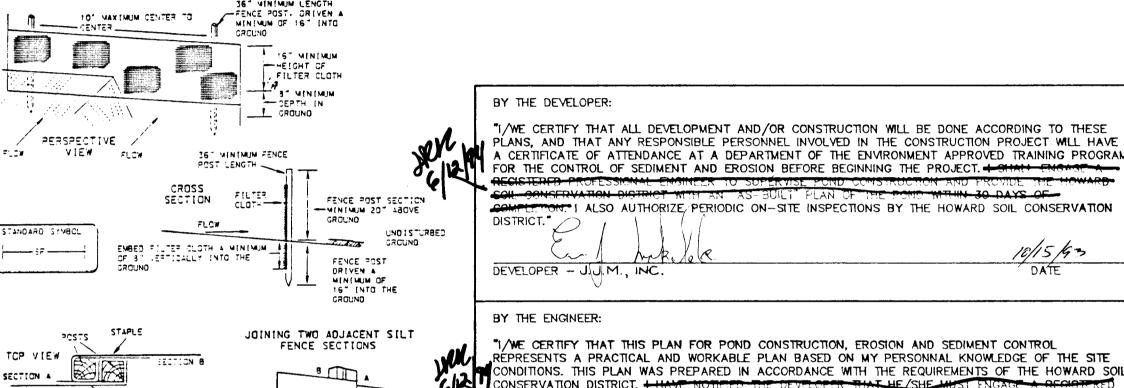
each side of the square base shall be twice the riser diameter.

or comparted earth blaced on it to prevent flotation. In either case.

RISER BASE DETAIL

INT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE/PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTIONS BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION

THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEET THE



SECTION A SECTION B

FRONT VIEW

c. The method of fastening the filter cloth to the fencing d. Accumulated sediment must be removed when it reaches 50% of

2. Where ends of filter cloth come together, they shall be overlapped. folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass. 4. All silt fences shall be placed as close to the contour as

5. The area below the fence must be undisturbed or stabilized.

6. Silt Fence Fabric: The fabric shall meet the Filter fabric specifications listed in Table 27 7. Fence Posts (for fabricated units): The length shall be a minimum of 36 inches long. Wood posts, 2"x 2", with a minimum cross sectional area of 3.0 square inches will be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be standard T or U section weighing not less than 1,00 pound per linear foot.

SILT FENCE

1. Attach a continuous piece of wire mesh (30° minimum width

2. Place a continuous piece of approved filter cloth (40 - 80

3. Securety nail the 2" X 4" weir to a 9" long vertical spacer

to be located between the weir and the intet face (max. 6'

4. Place the assembly against the inlet throat and hall

minimum t ' beyond both ends of the throat opening.

the inlet under or around the filter cloth.

flow to the intet.

(minimum 2' lengths of 2" x 4" to the top of the weir at

spacer locations: These 2" x 4" anchors shall extend across

5. The assembly shall be placed so that the end spacers are a

6. Form the 1/2" x 1/2" wire mesh and the filter clath to the

concrete gutter and against the face of the curb on both sides

of the inlet. Place clean 2" stone over the wire mesh and

filter cloth in such a manner to prevent water from entering

7. This type of protection must be inspected frequently and

the filter cloth and stone replaced when clogged with

B. Assure that storm flow does not bypass the intet by

installing a temporary earth or asphalt dike to direct the

the inter top and be held in place by sandbags or alternate

sieve) of the same dimensions as the wire mesh over the wire

by throat length, plus 4") to the 2" x 4" weir (measuring

arroat length plus 2") as shown on the standard drawing.

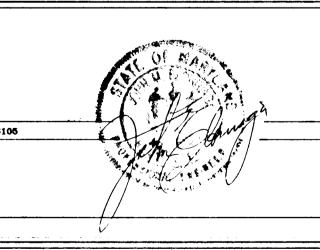
SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEET THE WARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS Melle James CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS HIS APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH REVISION

ENGINEER - JOHN M. ELORRIAGA, P.E. # 16891

TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR

EVISIONS PER DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES. DAM CONSTRUCTION PERMIT REQUIREMENTS TSA GROUP, INC. planning • architecture • engineering 8480 Baltimore National Pike . Ellicott City, Maryland 21043 . (410) 465-6105

DRN: DBT



SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

6/27/94

J.J.M., INC.

OWNER/DEVELOPER:

DES: JME

LOCATION: 5570 STERRETT PLACE, SUITE 205 COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

PROJECT:

WYNDEMERE SECTION 2 LOTS 119-252 PARCELS 1-3 TAX MAP 47 - PARCEL 1003 6th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

TITLE: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES, SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS PB-235 PB-283 5-86-42 WP-92-216 P-92-16 DATE: OCTOBER 15, 1993
MAY 20, 1994 PROJECT NO. 0420

SCALE: AS SHOWN DRAWING 15 OF 18

F-94-35

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5. PROTECTIVE SIGNAGE MAY ALSO BE USED
6. PEVICE SHOULD BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION.

Construction Specifications A. Materials

> 1. Wooden frame is to be constructed of 2" x 4" construction arade lumber. impounded against it. 3. Filter cloth must be of a type approved for this purposes

UPON REMOVAL OF SURFACE SEDIMENT, THE INFILTRATION FACILITIES SHALL BE ROTARY

CURB INLET PROTECTION DETAIL

FILTER CLOTH

2" MENEMUM LENGTH

2. Wire mesh size must be of sufficient strength to support

removal of sediment. 4. Washed stone 3/4" to 1 1/2" in size is to be used.

resistant to ultraviolet light with an equivalent opening

size 40 - 80 sieve, to allow sufficient passage of water and

